

## Shi arrangement:

$$A_n: \quad x_i - x_j = 0, 1 \quad 1 \leq i, j \leq n$$

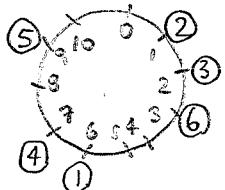
lec 44  
Dec 13

$$\chi_{A_n}(q) = \# \text{ of } (x_1, x_2, \dots, x_n) \in \mathbb{F}_q^n : \quad x_i \neq x_j \\ x_i \neq x_j + 1 \text{ for } i \neq j$$

Ex:  $q=11$

$n=6$

$x=(6, 1, 3, 7, 9, 3)$



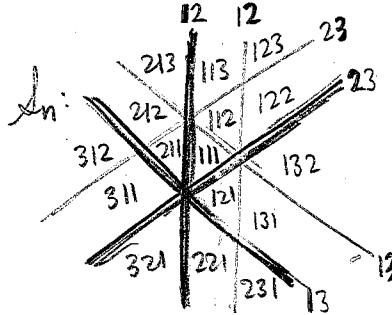
Place numbers  $1, 2, \dots, n$  around a circle, so consecutive blocks are increasing clockwise. Encoding:

Blocks:  $14|5|\emptyset|236|\emptyset|$  Starting point: 6  
(start with block of 1)  
 $n-1$  numbers in  
 $q-n$  blocks

$$\Rightarrow \chi_{A_n}(q) = q(q-1)^{n-1} \Rightarrow r(A_n) = (n!)^{n-1}$$

$$l(A_n) = (n!)^n$$

parking functions!



Labeled regions:

- $x_1 < x_2 < \dots < x_n < x_1 + 1 < \dots < x_n + 1 \rightarrow 111111$
- Cross  $x_i = x_j \rightarrow$  increase  $i$ -th coord
- Cross  $x_i = x_j + 1 \rightarrow$  increase  $j$ -th coord

Exercise: bounded regions

Prop (Björner):  $F$  free  $\Rightarrow$  regions containing  $F$  form an interval in the poset of parking functions, under componentwise  $\leq$

Quesiton: Which intervals occur?

This works for the other finite reflection groups as well.

Each one has a set of positive roots:

$$(A_n)_+ = \{e_i - e_j : 1 \leq i, j \leq n\}$$

$$(B_n)_+ = \{e_i \pm e_j : 1 \leq i, j \leq n\} \cup \{e_i : 1 \leq i \leq n\}$$

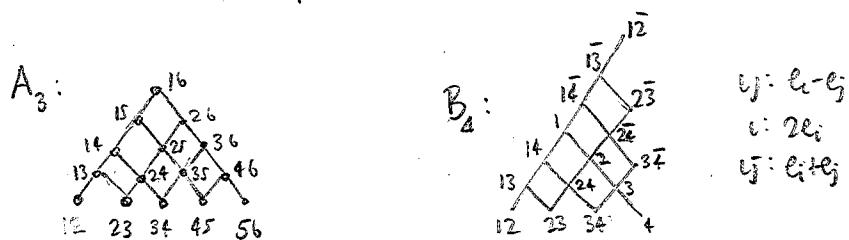
$$(C_n)_+ = \{e_i \pm e_j : 1 \leq i, j \leq n\} \cup \{2e_i : 1 \leq i \leq n\}$$

$$(D_n)_+ = \{e_i \pm e_j : 1 \leq i, j \leq n\}$$

Also  $\Phi = \Phi_+ \cup (-\Phi_+)$  is called a root system

The root poset on  $\Phi_+$  is:

$\beta \leq \gamma \Leftrightarrow \gamma - \beta$  is a non-neg. comb'n of other pos. roots.



A-order ideal of  $P$ :  $x < y, y \in A \Rightarrow x \in A$

Lots of nice mathematics! The beginning!

Def / Thm The  $\Phi$ -Catalan number  $\text{Cat}(\Phi)$  is:

The number of regions of  
the  $\Phi$ -Coxeter arrangement

$$\text{Co}x = -1, 0, 1 \quad c \in \Phi$$

In the "positive chamber"

$$c \cdot x \geq 0 \quad c \in \Phi$$

The number of  
order ideals  
of the root  
poset  $\Phi^+$

$$\text{Thm} \quad \text{Cat}(\Phi) = \prod_{i=1}^n \frac{e_i^{h+1}}{e_i+1}$$

$$\text{Thm} \quad r(\Phi\text{-Shi arrangement}) = (h+1)^r$$

$e_i = \text{"exponent"}$   
 $X_\Phi(q) = \prod (x - e_i)$

$h = \text{"Coxeter number"}$   
= number of roots in  $\Phi$   
rank of  $\Phi$

80