

lec 23  
Oct 18

Thm (Stanley's Nonnegativity Theorem)

let  $P$  be a lattice polytope with

$$\text{Ehr}_P(z) = \frac{h_d z^d + \dots + h_0}{(1-z)^{d+1}}$$

Then  $h_0, h_1, \dots, h_d \geq 0$

PF We proved this for simplices. Can we "just translate"?

$$\square = \triangle + \triangle + \triangle - 1 - 1$$

The "-" signs give us trouble!

Trick: Translate  $\text{cone}(P) = C_0 \cup \dots \cup C_k$

Shift by a tiny "irrational" vector  $\epsilon \in \text{Core}(P)$   
 $\epsilon \notin \partial C_i$

$$\epsilon + \text{cone}(P) = (\epsilon + C_0) \cup \dots \cup (\epsilon + C_k)$$

so that,

$$(\epsilon + \text{cone}(P)) \cap \mathbb{Z}^{d+1} = \text{cone}(P) \cap \mathbb{Z}^{d+1}$$

$$\begin{matrix} \uparrow \\ Ax \leq A\epsilon \\ \uparrow \\ > 0 \\ \text{tiny} \end{matrix}$$

$$\begin{matrix} \uparrow \\ Ax \leq 0 \end{matrix}$$

The point is that the boundary of  $\epsilon + C_i$  cannot contain lattice pts:

$$\text{if } p \in \partial(\epsilon + C_i) = \epsilon + \partial C_i$$

then  $p - \epsilon$  satisfies some integer equation

$$\begin{matrix} a(p - \epsilon) = 0 & a p = a \epsilon \\ \uparrow & \uparrow \\ \mathbb{Z} & \text{irrational, nonzero} \end{matrix}$$

So

$$\text{cone}(P) \cap \mathbb{Z}^{d+1} = (\epsilon + \text{cone}(P)) \cap \mathbb{Z}^{d+1} = \bigcup_i (\epsilon + C_i) \cap \mathbb{Z}^{d+1}$$

So

$$\sigma_{\text{cone}(P)}(1, z) = \sum_i \sigma_{\epsilon + C_i}(1, z) = \sum_i \frac{\text{# of lattice pts in } \Pi_i}{(1-z)^{d+1}}$$

(41)

$(h_0, \dots, h_d)$  is the "h\*-vector" of  $P$ . Many open problems about it. Muchala-Payne: topological interpretation. What do they look like?

Lemma The Ehrhart poly. of  $P$  is

$$L_P(t) = h_0 \binom{t+d}{d} + h_1 \binom{t+d-1}{d} + \dots + h_{d-1} \binom{t+1}{d} + h_d \binom{t}{d}$$

From Ehrhart

$$\text{PF } \sum_{t \geq 0} L_P(t) z^t = \frac{\sum_{i=0}^d h_i z^i}{(1-z)^{d+1}} = \left( \sum_{i=0}^d h_i z^i \right) \left( \sum_{j \geq 0} \binom{j+d}{d} z^j \right)$$

So coeff of  $z^t$  is

$$\sum_{i+j=t} h_i \binom{j+d}{d}$$

Some easy facts:

$$h_0 = 1$$

$$h_1 = |P \cap \mathbb{Z}^d| - d - 1$$

others??

Now write

$$L_P(t) = C_d t^d + \dots + C_1 t + C_0$$

Also easy:

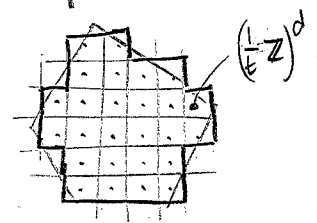
$$C_0 = 1$$

others?

$$\text{Prop } C_d = \text{vol } P$$

$$\text{vol } P = \int_P dx$$

"PF" We can approximate  $\text{vol } P$  by little boxes of sidelength  $1/t$  around the points of  $P$  in the lattice  $(\frac{1}{t}\mathbb{Z})^d$



$$\text{vol } P = \lim_{t \rightarrow \infty} |P \cap (\frac{1}{t}\mathbb{Z})^d| \cdot (\frac{1}{t})^d$$

$$= \lim_{t \rightarrow \infty} \frac{|P \cap \mathbb{Z}^d|}{t^d} = \lim_{t \rightarrow \infty} \frac{L_P(t)}{t^d} = C_d$$

Also

$$C_d = \frac{1}{2} \text{normalized surface area}(P)$$

others?

(42)